

PERCENT-U-BOAT ACTS PUZZLE TO U. S. AUTHORITIES

Difficult to Bunch Attacks Involving Americans, as Data Come In

GERARD DELAYS REPLY

WASHINGTON, March 31.—President Wilson and his cabinet discussed again today the crisis which has developed with Germany as a result of the Kaiser's appointment of a committee to investigate the activities of the submarine.

Of the four boats attacked upon which American lives were jeopardized, it is understood the Eagle Point was a boat in the service of the English coast guard.

To the face of these points the President and Secretary of State Lansing are hoping to obtain in the next few days from American Consuls abroad sufficient evidence on which to base definite conclusions.

A strong belief exists in congressional circles that President Wilson will approve before Congress next week to report on the submarine cases.

Senator Stone and Representative Flood, chairman of the Senate and House Foreign Relations committees, discussed the general international situation at length with Secretary of State Lansing today.

The hands of the United States are tied until all of the facts are secured," the Senator said. "It may be a week yet before Ambassador Gerard can get all of the facts. Meanwhile we will have to mark time."

The Senator very frankly said that the situation on the face seemed very serious. Austrian and German sources are planning to try to sink the ship in the Atlantic.

SPY WHO SEIZED SHIP FEARS BRITISH WRATH

Continued from Page One

Schiller, who in real Captain Kidd fashion, held Captain Richter and the crew of the British steamship Matoppo, his engineer, three officers and a crew of 55 Chinese and East Indians at bay for almost 25 hours, today spoke these words when he opened his eyes after spending the night in chains at the customs house here.

From authentic sources it was learned here today that the British Government will make a demand for Schiller's return to England. The British Consul from New York, acting on instructions from the British Ambassador, is on his way to Lewis.

An all-night search with gasoline and electric lights in the hold of the Matoppo for the many bombs which Schiller said he had planted was fruitless. However, the authorities are not yet satisfied that bombs with time fuses were not hidden about the ship.

Schiller has made several unguessed confessions since being placed in irons. He insists that he is a German spy, and says he was attached to the English receiving ship Conway in England for three years, during which time he kept the German Government posted on naval affairs.

Once while being grilled by Justice of the Peace Napoleon Bonaparte Register and Constable Frank Johnson, he tried to get up from his chair, and as he wriggled his chained form he exclaimed: "I am not a spy."

A minute later he admitted he was a spy. He said he had denied that he was a spy because he was tired of being questioned.

Schiller is five feet nine inches tall, weighs about 140 pounds, has light hair, a little mustache and blue eyes. His accent is clearly German.

He came here a year ago. He might be taken for a mechanic or a day laborer. He admits having worked once in a textile factory, but refuses to say where. He arrived in this country a year ago, according to his statement. The consensus of his captors is that the authorities here is that Schiller is not the correct name of the blond German.

D. W. Burbage, of Burbage & Co., ship brokers, and agents for the Matoppo in this country, said today that he thought Schiller was not mentally deranged. "He is perfectly sane," he said. "I believe he knows a good deal about navigation."

Schiller May Spend Rest of His Days in U. S. Prison

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Ernest Schiller, lone pirate, is likely to spend the rest of his days in a United States Federal prison, rather than face punishment by England for his action in holding up the British steamship Matoppo.

Authorities on maritime law held today Schiller undoubtedly would be considered as a pirate and be sentenced under Section 290 of the law of 1909, which says:

Whoever on the high seas commits the crime of piracy as defined by the law of nations and afterward is brought into or found in the United States shall be imprisoned for life.

Naval lawyers think this statute precludes the possibility of turning Schiller over to England, although his alleged piracy was committed on an English ship on the high seas.

Under prior laws Schiller could not fare so easily as under the present statute, for death used to be the only punishment this Government could measure to a pirate brought into an American port.

Schiller greeted his jailers with a smile. "I am only a poor fellow," he said, "and I am sure you will be kind to me. I am sure you will be kind to me. I am sure you will be kind to me."

Where did you obtain the revolver and 200 cartridges? "I don't know," he said. "I don't know where I got them. I don't know where I got them. I don't know where I got them."

There were no hearings in the first three cases, and the committee was ready among his father by George Wagner, counsel for the Montgomery County Law and Order Society, when, after several witnesses were examined and the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

The hearing in the second case since the "court" opened, was charged with not having prepared his case properly. N. H. Larzette, counsel for Dillon, said that the charges against his client had been brought in violation of the rules of the court.

It was alleged that Dillon had sold whisky to Samuel Prith, of Norristown, who the latter was on the "blacklist" because having consented to be placed on that "blacklist" by a clergyman, he was subsequently unable to obtain liquor anywhere in Norristown.

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REMONSTRANCES FAIL; SIX LICENSES GRANTED IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Anti-Liquor Forces Fought Against Pottstown Applications—Jenkintown Hotel Wins

TWELVE MORE OPPOSED

NORRISTOWN, March 31.—Six of the 18 licenses for the renewal of which remonstrances had been filed were granted by Judges Swartz and Miller today despite the very strenuous opposition of the "dry" forces in two of the wards.

The first remonstrance was against the license of the Jenkintown Hotel, owned by Thomas Hagerty, proprietor of the Cottman House, old York road, Jenkintown; John J. Shanefelter, Shuter House, Pottstown; and Endolph J. Keiser, proprietor of the Hotel Pottstown, a wholesale establishment which is one of the oldest liquor stores in Pottstown, having been licensed 60 years.

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SPY BARES PLOT OF GERMANS TO INVADE CANADA

Men Were to Be Recruited From Interned Ships in the U. S.

PLAN OF VON DER GOLTZ

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Details of the plans which were received months ago for the invasion of Canada by a large force of Germans from the United States were made public here today for the first time by officials of the Department of Justice.

The plan was not until Von der Goltz, German spy, was recently brought back to this country from England to turn State's evidence, that all of the details were obtained.

Officials said today that von der Goltz was the chief mover. He claimed to have made arrangements for recruiting all of the sailors from the German and Austrian merchant vessels interned in this country.

After a great many of the preliminary plans had been made, von der Goltz told Federal officers the scheme was abandoned as being too fantastic.

The plot to blow up the Welland Canal was here decided upon, he said. Von der Goltz has told of dynamite in the place of both Yeller and Shanefelter. Strook was so stupidly built, however, that he looked to be several years past his majority.

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WILKES-BARRE MERCHANT FLIM-FLAMMED; LOSES \$1800

Stranger Ties His Money in Handkerchief—Presto, It's Gone

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 31.—Isidor Freed, merchant, was the victim of a flim-flam today and lost \$1,800.

Freed was one of a stranger on the street who asked him to accompany him to the railroad station. Freed was shown a roll of money said to contain five thousand dollars. He was promised a reward if he took the stranger safely to the station and was asked to show his good intentions by giving the stranger his money.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 31.—Several hundred families in the Wyoming Valley are endangered by the sudden rising of the Susquehanna and almost complete inundation of the lowlands. The stream has reached a depth of 25 feet here.

Traffic between Wilkes-Barre and West Side suburban towns has been cut off by the swollen condition of the stream. Main thoroughfares are under water and families have been forced into the Westmont, Edwardsville, Plymouth and Kingston sections, while at points north of this city the flood conditions took on a serious aspect.

Much of Westmont is now under water and cellars are filled and fire drawn. Many families have left, but others have remained to look after their possessions. Residents of this section were astir throughout the night and early today; a town center went from one street to another warning the people of flood dangers.

Warm weather has caused a quick thaw on the mountains and all creeks and streams will reach a depth of 28 feet here before morning. This will mean greater danger to property in many sections.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 31.—The Finance Committee, Chairman Gaffney, announced, will meet on Monday, Tuesday and probably on Wednesday, in order to have all the legal points passed upon as early as possible.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., March 31.—Senator Cummins, of Iowa, opened the fight in the Senate today to kill the provision in the Chamberlain army bill creating a Federal volunteer army of 25,000 men.

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FAMILIES FLEEING SUSQUEHANNA FLOOD

Wilkes-Barre Partly Inundated and Suburban Points in Grave Peril

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TWO ALLEGED BRITISH SPIES ARRESTED HERE

Accused of Espionage by Exporters of Oil and Chemicals

ONE HELD, ONE FRED

Cards of introduction from a former British consul in this city, and notebook containing a mass of data relating to European countries were found in the possession of Charles Crosson, 214 North 24th street, who was arraigned before Magistrate Wrigley today on the accusation of having trespassed on the property of E. F. Houghton & Co., 240 West Somerset street.

E. F. Houghton & Co. are exporters of oil, and the officials of the company charge that Crosson is an English spy, employed by the English Government to ascertain if the Houghton Company is making any shipments of oil and chemicals to Germany.

L. E. Murphy, vice president of the company, testified that for more than two weeks Crosson has been hanging around the Houghton plant, questioning drivers and making inquiries from other employees. He said that Crosson had ridden on wagons of the company to Pennsylvania freight stations and made notes as to the destination of oil and chemical shipments.

The police say that one of Crosson's notebooks contained the names of nearly all oil and chemical concerns in eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland and Delaware. They also alleged that they found in Crosson's possession cards of introduction from Sir Wilfrid Power, former British consul in this city.

The two men were arrested yesterday as suspicious characters, and taken to the Front and Chestnut streets station. Employees notified the heads of the company that the two men were examining consignments of oil, and Vice President Murphy, Herbert Rappold, purchasing agent, and J. Becker, superintendent of the plant, rushed into the yard. The two men ran away, and the officials chased them for several blocks. The men were distancing their pursuers when they were rounded up by the police.

The British Consulate today disclaimed all knowledge of Crosson. No official statement would be given.



There's One Born Every Minute

TOMORROW night will be "Cut-Up" night at the Hanover. All sensible folks will be on hand to enjoy the foolishness of the occasion.

Menu and souvenirs will be a pleasant surprise. Tables reserved. Refined Dancing.

The NEW HOTEL MANOVER

Twelfth and Arch Sts. (Entrance on 12th St.) CLAUDE M. MOHR, Mgr.

Advertisement for 'Our New Spring Overcoat RITE-SHAPE' by Jacob Reed & Sons. Price \$20 and \$25. Located at 1424-1426 Chestnut Street.

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